

Brief Autism Assessment

What is a brief Autism Assessment?

These assessments specifically assess for the presence of an Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD). These assessments are best completed when there is no significant concern around intellectual/academic difficulties. If these concerns are of concern, a more in-depth assessment is typically required (i.e., a psychoeducational assessment).

What is involved?

Typically, these assessments include an initial interview to determine if they are sufficient and appropriate to address an individual's concerns. The clinician will meet with you, collect a history of the concerns, and then provide a recommendation around what would be required to clarify whether or not a person has an ASD. In most cases, this requires a scheduled testing session, completion of questionnaires, and often a follow-up interview with the individual or a parent.

Billing for Psychoeducational Assessments

It is important to understand the billing process prior to commencing a psychoeducational assessment. If you have insurance coverage for the assessment we highly recommend that you contact your provider and verify what they will cover. Typically, our receipts appear as follows, please note that the actual amount may be different depending on location and availability:

Activity	Hours Billed	Description on receipt	Name on Invoice
Intake interview	1 hour	Psychological Consultation	Parent(s) name if for Child or AdolescentIndividual 18+
ADOS Administration	1 hour	Psychodiagnostics test administration	Child or Adolescent's name
ADOS Administration	2 hours	Psychodiagnostics test scoring and interpretation	Child, Adolescent, or Individual 18+
Scoring, interpretation, and associated writing	2 hours	Psychodiagnostics test scoring and interpretation	Child, Adolescent, or Individual 18+
Interview with teacher or other involved professional (if needed & with your consent)	15-30 mins (per interview)	Psychological Consultation	Child, Adolescent, or Individual 18+
Follow-up Interview	1 hour	Psychological Consultation	Child, Adolescent, or Individual 18+
Report writing, Supervision activities: Additions, review, and comments	2 hours	Psychodiagnostics test scoring and interpretation	Child, Adolescent, or Individual 18+
Feedback session	1 hour	Psychological Consultation	 Parent(s) name if for Child or Adolescent Individual if 18+
Total Approximate hours	9 hours		

Note:

a) Exact amounts vary depending on the location and psychologist/psychological associate with whom you are working. If testing is required for students in French Immersion an additional hour may be required.

- b) Items in blue are done by the psychologist/psychological associate without the client or parent
- c) There are occasions when additional time may be required for the assessment process, if this is the case the psychologist/psychological associate will review this with you in advance and seek your consent to proceed.
- d) The psych-education assessment report will typically be issued to you on receipt of payment for all billed services.

Risks and Benefits of a Child /Adolescent Psychoeducational Assessment

Risks and Benefits of a Psychoeducational Assessment

Before initiating a psychoeducational assessment it is important to understand the risks and benefits of the assessment. Please read through this information carefully. Your psychologist would be happy to answer any questions that you may have.

Potential Benefits

- 1. Increased awareness or understanding of your own or your child's functioning, behaviour, emotional state, academic performance and/or relationships.
- 2. Formal identification of behavioural, emotional, learning and developmental disorders, that may help you advocate for appropriate supports/interventions for you or your child.
- 3. Provide specific recommendations for treatment and/or accommodations at school or the workplace, such as educational placement decisions and individualized programming.
- 4. Monitor progress and change over time (in the case of multiple assessments).
- 5. Clarify complex historical and diagnostic pictures.
- 6. Integrate information from multiple sources to arrive at a comprehensive understanding of you or your child's history and current functioning.
- 7. Arrive at a new understanding of your own or your child's views and beliefs of himself/herself/themselves, others, and the world.
- 8. Individuals often find the assessment process enjoyable, and appreciate receiving one-on-one attention and interest from a supportive adult.

Risks

- 1. Assessment can uncover underlying problems/difficulties that you had not expected.
- 2. You or your child may receive a diagnosis, which can be a difficult process for some individuals, for example
 - i. You may need to learn about what that diagnosis means.
 - ii. Individuals, parents, and children may have to come to terms with the an individual's limitations/weaknesses.
 - iii. Some individuals, parents, and children worry that diagnoses may be

associated with social stigmatization (e.g., being singled out or treated differently than peers), if they choose to share the diagnosis with the school or others.

- iv. Can be experienced as a loss of what you had expected for your or your child's life.
- 3. If a diagnosis was previously identified a re-assessment could find that the diagnosis is no longer appropriate. Therefore, it is possible that accommodations that have been in place will no longer be applicable. If this does occur, it is likely that transitional accommodation would be put in place to help the individual adjust.
- 4. What you learn about you or your child may highlight the need for changes in the family.
- 5. Although this information is helpful for schools in making decisions about placement and accommodations in the academic setting, we cannot guarantee that your or your child will receive the interventions/ accommodations that you are hoping for.
- 6. What you learn about yourself or your child may not necessarily lead to a cure or complete resolution of the difficulties.
- 7. Psychoeducational assessments are time consuming. They require individuals to collect information (e.g., school records, previous assessments), attend multiple appointments, and engage in testing. For some people, the testing can be lengthy and some individuals feel fatigued, stressed, and/or frustrated with the process.
- 8. In order for tests to be valid they require that individual put forth their best effort. In some circumstances, if sufficient effort is not put in the results will not be valid. In such cases this will be noted in the report and the conclusions drawn from the assessment will be limited. In other cases, it may be necessary to stop the assessment if the psychologist feels the results could not be interpreted and/or would not be useful to the child/family.
- 9. As part of the assessment, your own or your child's emotional functioning will be assessed. This may involve answering questions or discussing events that are painful or difficult to discuss. Sometimes individuals may experience intense feelings of sadness or anger, although this is usually temporary. However, it this is an important part of the evaluation it usually leads to an improved understanding of the difficulties that may be occurring.
- 10. Although these assessments assess most aspects of an individual's functioning, they do not assess issues related to custody, access, or family functioning. Those assessments require a different assessment process. Please ask your counselor for more details if this is what you are looking to assess.